IF THE ENGLISH IS WORTH LEARNING IT IS WORTH LEARNING WELL

Учебно-методическое пособие

Рекомендовано методической комиссией Института филологии и журналистики для студентов и аспирантов ННГУ, изучающих английский язык

Нижний Новгород
2019
Новожилова Л.И., Перевезенцев А.Ю. If the English is worth Learning it is worth Learning Well: учебно-методическое пособие / Л.И. Новожилова, А.Ю. Перевезенцев.— Нижний Новгород: Нижегородский госуниверситет, 2019. — 21 с.

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Предлагаемые учебно-методические задания освещают основные грамматические и лексические явления и смогут оказать помощь изучающим английский язык в выработке активного навыка употребления английской грамматики и лексики.

Весь материал построен на примерах из произведений английских авторов. Работа состоит из лексико-грамматических тестов, тестов на “Error correction”, задания на перевод с русского на английский. Помимо указанных выше тестов имеются контрольные задания для самостоятельной проверки уровня овладения лексико-грамматическими навыками английского языка.

Для лучшего усвоения материала все задания снабжены ключами.

Может быть рекомендовано как для работы в аудитории с преподавателем, так и для самостоятельной работы студентов, а также для тех, кто хочет совершенствовать знания по практике английского языка.

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**TEST 1**

I. **Mark the most suitable tense-form for the verbs in brackets**

1. Our neighbours (watch) the fire for 4 hours by ten o’clock when it is out.  
   a) will watch b) will be watching c) would watch d) will have been watching
2. I’ve heard that you (make) a new car, but I don’t think it will work.  
   a) are making b) were making c) will be making d) will have been making
3. He’s been so quick. I (not do) half of it this time.  
   a) hadn’t done b) haven’t done c) wouldn’t have done d) wouldn’t do
4. She always looked as though she (be) in the beauty parlour all afternoon.  
   a) was b) were c) has been d) had been
5. He soon came to the conclusion that he (have) nothing in common with his brother.  
   a) has b) had c) has had d) would have
6. What (happen) if you hadn’t done so well yesterday ?  
   a) would have happened b) would had happened  
   b) c) had happened d) will have happened
7. He felt as if he (reprimand).  
   a) has reprimanded b) were being reprimanded  
   b) c) had been reprimanded  d) was reprimanded
8. The snow (freeze) on my window for several minutes, so I couldn’t see well.  
   a) was freezing b) has been freezing  
   b) c) had been freezing d) would have been freezing
9. They (run) into the storm cellar while the tornado (storm) is moving towards them.  
   a) will be running b) will run c) will have been running d) would be running
10. The girl (drive) for 20 minutes when the accident happened.  
    a) drove b) was driving c) has been driving d) had been driving

II. **Decide if you need a) A, b) An, c) The or d) No article at all**

1. ___ carpenter stood there, dressed in ___ policeman’s uniform but wearing enough make-up for ___ circus clown.
2. Unlike the cow and the sheep, ___ pig is not ___ grass-eater.
3. ___ adults often forget what ___ confusing picture school can offer to ___ child.
4. President Kennedy’s assassination was ___ important event for the world as ___ whole.
5. Give me ___ pocket calculator and I’d show you how to burn it out in 5 minutes.  
   I belong to ___ simpler age, probably ___ Stone one.
III. Use a preposition if you need to

1. For everyone who is set ___ a career in fashion it is not enough to have succeeded in college.
   a) in b) on c) at d) for
2. The peak was covered in snow and ___ the top of this rose a thin plume of smoke.
   a) off b) down c) from d) up
3. Fashion is a hard business: work ___ a constant breakneck speed to prepare ___ the next season’s collection.
   a) by b) at c) in d) on
   a) by b) about c) -- d) for
4. Don’t give ___ hope yet. You’ll manage to pass the exams.
   a) in b) up c) down d) away
5. He gave ___ to the wish of the majority.
   a) to b) up c) in d) at

TEST 2

I. Mark the most suitable tense-form for the verbs in brackets

1. It is strange fear (do) to a man.
   a) had done b) would do c) was doing d) does
2. I wish that your daughter (be) just a little like you.
   a) will be b) would be c) were d) had been
3. He was told in public that it (be) time he learned to do as he was told.
   a) is b) was c) were d) had been
4. I wished I (not tell) them about my life.
   a) didn’t tell b) wouldn’t tell c) hadn’t told d) wasn’t telling
5. If you were travelling alone, you (get) to the city by now.
   a) would have got b) had got c) were getting d) will have got
6. A new block of houses (build) down the street. Look at the workmen at work.
   a) is built b) is being built c) will be built d) was built
7. He never (take) for an Englishman yet.
   a) was never taken b) is never taken
   b) c) has never been taken d) will have never been taken
8. Football (play) all over the world.
   a) will play b) will be played c) was played d) is played
9. You (tell) when the train leaves.
   a) are told b) will be told c) would be told d) were told
10. I felt he (ask) this question before.
    a) was asked b) has been asked c) had been asked d) will have been asked
II. Decide if you need a) A, b) An, c) The or d) No article at all

1. At last Mr. Kerry obtained ___ place in the front and saw ___ figure that was far worse than ___ portrait outside.
2. ___ chill wind from ___ volcano started to blow and I returned to ___ warmth of the forest and the mist.
3. We hadn’t used ___ Hotel Riviera before but our normal one had ___ conference in it, so was fully booked.
4. We went to ____ church to have the pleasure of hearing the service as much as to enjoy each other’s company.
5. The finding of ___ wreck-ship meant that their problems were now at ___ end.

III. Use a preposition if you need to

1. The British cruiser was ___ her way home from Murmansk in May 1942.
   a) at    b) in    c) on    d) by
2. Steve Cortney had studied ___ University but he hadn’t been a very good student.
   a) in    b) at    c) on    d) --
3. After school many students participate ___ sports.
   a) in    b) at    c) through    d) to
4. A child learning to talk does not learn ___ being corrected all the time.
   a) with    b) at    c) by    d) in
5. It’s not easy to give ___ one’s ideals.
   a) up    b) in    c) away    d) on

TEST 3

I. Mark the most suitable tense-form for the verbs in brackets

1. We’ll find out if he properly (look after). He doesn’t seem happy after his staying there.
   a) was properly    b) has been properly looked after
   b) c) had been properly looked after    d) will be properly looked after
2. She has locked herself in and won’t come down till they (go).
   a) will go    b) went    c) will have gone    d) ’ve gone
3. I decided against going to Cambridge. I hardly (look) at a book of mathematics for 6 months.
   a) had hardly looked    b) would hardly look    c) has hardly looked    d) hardly looked
4. Tomorrow I (leave) for the country for a fortnight.
   a) will leave    b) am leaving    c) leave    d) will be leaving
5. After lunch I generally (study) in the library for 2 hours.
   a) will study    b) would study    c) study    d) have studied
6. He sat with his head on his hands. He didn’t hear what (say).
   a) is said b) was said c) had been saying d) was being said
7. Why, you’re not ready yet? What you (do)?
   a) are you doing b) have you been doing c) were you doing d) did you do
8. I’ll let you know what measures I (take) by the end of the month.
   a) will have been taken b) will be taken c) would take d) took
9. I never (speak) to like that before.
   a) had never been spoken b) was never spoken
   b) c) have never been spoken d) would never be spoken
10. Holt looked out of the window. It (rain) lightly and trees gleamed here and there in
    this drizzle.
    a) was raining b) had been raining c) has been raining d) rained

II. Decide if you need a) A, b) An, c) The or d) No article at all

1. May you be happy in ___ life you’ve chosen?
2. She was studying to be ___ actress in films.
3. ___ weather was cold and windy.
4. ___ sun is ___ star. It gives us light and warmth.
5. When I went to Rome I stayed with ___ Italian friend of mine.

III. Use a preposition if you need to

1. How can I get ___ the nearest post-office.
   a) in b) at c) to d) --
2. Nurses are required to look ___ the wounded.
   a) for b) after c) by d) at
3. After their son’s departure they gave ___ inviting young people.
   a) up b) in c) at d) for
4. The weather was changing ___ the better.
   a) from b) on c) at d) for
5. He used to refer ___ his profession as dog’s life.
   a) by b) to c) at d) on

TEST 4

I. Mark the most suitable tense-form for the verbs in brackets

1. I have no idea if she (know) Phil will be around.
   a) will know b) would know c) knows d) knew
2. I’ll tell him to bring the key back when he (have) a look round the house.
   a) will have b) will have had c) had d) ’s had
3. You ever (teach) how to behave?
a) were you ever taught b) have you ever been taught
b) c) had you ever been taught d) would you ever be taught
4. I know the names of everyone in the village. I (lived) here all my life.
a) ’ve lived b) ’d lived c) was living d) lived
5. I thought he was tired and asked him what he (do).
a) was doing b) has been doing c) had been doing d) did
6. And what Sandy’s mother (do) in Japan? – She’s gone there with a delegation of
women.
a) is Sandy’s mother doing b) does Sandy’s mother do
b) c) will Sandy’s mother do d) would Sandy’s mother do
7. These people (talk) a language no one knows.
a) have talked b) had talked c) would talk d) talk
8. Look! Tea (spill) all over the table-cloth.
a) was spilt b) has been spilt c) had been spilt d) will be spilt
9. Anything (do) to restore the building nowadays?
a) is anything done b) was anything done
b) c) had anything been done d) is anything being done
10. Cars in auto races (move) at very fast speed around the track.
a) are moved b) move c) had moved d) had been moving

II. Decide if you need a) A, b) An, c) The or d) No article at all

1. Is it true? – Oh no, it’s ___ pure imagination.
2. He wanted to hide ___ embarrassment he felt at making his speech.
3. The letter was written. She looked for ___ envelope in her bag.
4. He soon bought ___ deserted farm eight miles away from ___ town.
5. “I have felt from the first”, he said, “that this is not the place to bring ___ young
girl to”.

III. Use a preposition if you need to

1. She was surprised ___ the young man’s reply to her question.
a) with b) on c) by d) at
2. The patient’s interest ___ the magazine is easy to explain.
a) to b) in c) at d) on
   There’s a long article ___ Peter’s about it in this evening’s paper.
a) by b) with c) of d) on
3. The sick man asked ___ water.
a) about b) for c) of d) --
4. I think you ought to show some respect ___ your elders.
a) to b) of c) for d) about
I. Mark the most suitable tense-form for the verbs in brackets

1. In the drawing-room the music of Mozart (play) by an orchestra seen on the TV screen.
   a) was played b) has been played c) was being played d) was playing
2. The blind (teach) trades to fit them for work.
   a) teach b) are taught c) will be taught d) had been taught
3. What do you want to warn me of? – That you (find) yourself talked about.
   a) found b) have found c) will find d) would find
4. Although she was always at the head of her class, there (be) no questions of her going to college.
   a) were b) is c) has been d) had been
5. Oh, I generally find ways of amusing myself when I (be) at home.
   a) was b) will be c) am d) would be
6. Where’s John? He (not/see) for a week.
   a) isn’t seen b) wasn’t seen c) hadn’t been seen d) hasn’t been seen
7. Shall I go and find out if he (do) the work? He was to finish it yesterday.
   a) did b) had done c) will have done d) has done
8. Don’t worry. It will be so dark that I (not/see).
   a) am not seen b) shan’t be seen c) wouldn’t be seen d) haven’t been seen
9. It was said that it (not/be) easy for him to do it.
   a) wasn’t b) hasn’t been c) hadn’t been d) wouldn’t have been
10. He (not come) to the party tonight. I’ve just talked to him on the telephone.
    a) doesn’t come b) isn’t coming c) wasn’t coming d) won’t be coming

II. Decide if you need a) A, b) An, c) The or d) No article at all

1. There was ___ blind man standing at the entrance to ___ church.
2. My neighbour was arrested for throwing rocks through ___ windows.
3. You talk like ___ illiterate man.
4. He always visited ___ sick twice ___ day.
5. ___ less you say, ___ better it is for you.

III. Use a preposition if you need to

1. I left my wife well provided ___.
   a) about  b) in  c) for  d) at
2. He saw the scientists divided ___ two unequal groups.
   a) up  b) into  c) for  d) in
3. Is there any objection ___ my seeing him?
   a) at  b) for  c) on  d) to
4. The terrace was crowded ___ women drinking tea.
   a) with  b) by  c) in  d) about
5. He wasn’t well enough to go travelling ___ that time.
   a) in  b) at  c) for  d) on

TEST 6

I. Mark the most suitable tense-form for the verbs in brackets

1. The plane (take off) in 5 minutes. Good bye and good luck!
   a) will take off  b) is taking off c) will be taking d) was taking off
2. Keep silent! Don’t you realize that you (be) rude to your mother!
   a) are b) are being c) have been d) had been
3. The guests were all in fits of laughter because John (be) so funny.
   a) was  b) has been c) would be d) was being
   a) are working b) were working c) have been working d) work
5. She (expect) a telephone call from Moscow for a couple of days when she decided to send a telegram.
   a) expected b) was expecting c) has been expecting d) had been expecting
6. We (live) here for two months next week. I’m getting tired of the place.
   a) will live b) will be living c) will have been living d) have been living
7. Look at his teeth, he (eat) bilberries (черника).
   a) ’s been eating  b) ’d been eating c) ate d) was eating
8. He still (wait) for the manager? He can get into his office.
   a) does he still wait b) is he still waiting c) was he still waiting d) will he still waiting
9. We didn’t know that the telegrams (deliver) only tomorrow.
   a) was delivered b) will be delivered c) would be delivered d) was being delivered
10. They (examine) the new student when I came in.
     a) were examining  b) have been examining  c) had been examining  d) would be examining

II. Decide if you need a) A, b) An, c) The or d) No article at all

1. When you saw me at ____ station I was seeing ____ friend off.
2. Who wrote ____ music of ____ opera «Ivan Susanin»?
3. ____ performance of «Othello» is renewed at ____ Vakhtangov Theater.
4. ____ idea suddenly came to my mind. Why not go on a trip?
5. I would keep ____ eye on ____ boy in your place. He is too small to be left alone.
III. Use a preposition if you need to

1. We can go down to the country _____ a sunny day.
   a) in  
   b) at  
   c) on  
   d) during
2. If she had the time to think the question_____ , she might give the correct answer.
   a) about  
   b) over  
   c) of  
   d) –
3. If I revealed someone’s secret, I’d die _____ shame.
   a) for  
   b) about  
   c) in  
   d) of
4. _____ each side of Chapel Street there were rows and rows of houses.
   a) on  
   b) at  
   c) in  
   d) by
5. I’ve come to you _____ advice.
   a) about  
   b) for  
   c) through  
   d) by

TEST 7

I. Mark the most suitable tense-form for the verb in brackets

1. The ship “Baltica” (leave) for London in a few days.
   a) will leave  
   b) will be leaving  
   c) is leaving  
   d) will have left
2. Maggie didn’t know Tom was looking at her, she (swing) on her branch, lost to
   almost everything but a sense of jam and idleness.
   a) swung  
   b) was swinging  
   c) had been swinging  
   d) had swung
3. She has just reminded me that we (be) at school together.
   a) have been  
   b) had been  
   c) were  
   d) would be
4. When we came to the seashore, the ship (lose) sight of .
   a) was lost  
   b) had been lost  
   c) would have been lost  
   d) lost
5. Why he always (make) fun of ?
   a) is he always made  
   b) is he always being made  
   c) had he always been made  
   d) has he always made
6. Don’t put on this old-fashioned coat. You (laugh) at.
   a) were laughed  
   b) are laughed  
   c) will be laughed  
   d) would be laughed
7. If he were not suffering from a headache, he (refuse) to go to the theatre.
   a) won’t refuse  
   b) wouldn’t refuse  
   c) hadn’t refused  
   d) wouldn’t have refused
8. They (learn) English and German for ten months by the first of April.
   a) will be learning  
   b) will have been learning  
   c) would learn  
   d) would have been learning
9. They will be building the summer cottage when you (be) in the country in summer.
   a) will be  
   b) are  
   c) were  
   d) would be
10. He (pass) his examination before you return from Moscow.
    a) will pass  
    b) would pass  
    c) will have passed  
    d) would have passed
II. Decide if you need a) A, b) An, c) The or d) No article at all

1. ___ sea surrounds ___ British Isles.
2. ___ branch of ___ Gulf Steam comes to ___ west coast of the British Isles.
3. ___ lighthouse guides ___ ships and warns them of danger.
4. ”Go and change”, he said, “find ___ ordinary evening frock, it doesn’t matter what you put on”.
5. I don’t know how to talk to ____ children.

III. Use a preposition if you need to.

1. ___ the husband stood by in the poorly lighted room, Andrew Manson examined the patient with great care.
   a) during    b) since    c) while    d) for
2. It had happened ___ the experiment was completed.
   a) since    b) while    c) after    d) before
3. We went ___ the house by the back door.
   a) in    b) into    c) through    d) at
4. What happens ___ the fifth wheel doesn’t matter so long as the car runs.
   a) with    b) by    c) to    d) at
5. Whatever we do we must think ___ him as well as ___ ourselves.
   a) for    b) of    c) about    d) on
   a) about    b) of    c) over    d) on

TEST 8

I. Mark the most suitable tense-form for the verb in brackets

1. Keith Jessop was convinced that the stories about the ship “HMS” were true because he (tell) the stories by a reliable old sailor.
   a) was told    b) was being told    c) had been told    d) would had been told
2. The British cruiser was on her way home. She (carry) a cargo in her bomb room - five and a half tons of gold bullion.
   a) carried    b) was carried    c) had carried    d) was carrying
3. Somewhere up in the high forests between England and Wales I (walk) for hours, not for the first time, I had lost my way.
   a) was walking    b) had been walking    c) would be walking    d) had walked
4. Our lecturer in Literature always (listen to) attentively.
   a) is always listened to    b) is always being listened to
   c) was always listened to    d) had always been listened to
5. A new play by Shakespeare (produce) when “the Globe” caught fire.
   a) produced    b) was produced    c) was being produced    d) had been produced
6. The trees (plant) by the beginning of May?
   a) will the trees be planted  b) have the trees been planted
   c) will the trees have been planted  d) would the trees be planted
7. We (work) hard this time tomorrow.
   a) shall be working  b) are working  c) would work  d) will have been working
8. Gloria says if she is admitted to the school of Economics she (want) to be a manager.
   a) want b) has been wanting c) wants  d) will want
9. He liked music, but the piece she (play) had no melody for him.
   a) played  b) has been playing  c) had been playing  d) was playing
10. You were free yesterday. What you (do) in the morning?
    a) you did  b) did you do  c) would you do  d) had you done

II. Decide if you need a) A, b) An, c) The or d) No article at all

1. All along from Worcester ___ Severn flows through ___ most beautiful valley.
2. His church does not allow him ___ second wife.
3. We went to live on ___ Greek island of Mikonos. It is ___ strange haunted place, treeless.
4. Down in the valley ___ old man explained to me how I’d strayed miles off course.
   ___ very dispiriting old man. From time to time you meet them.
5. When they reached ___ search area in ___ Barentz Sea, they lowered the sonar equipment overboard to scan ___ seabed for likely large objects.

III. Use a preposition if you need to

1. In every country children are taken great care ___.
   a) about  b) for  c) of  d) at
2. Can these words be relied ___?
   a) in  b) on  c) for  d) of
3. The good results in the work of this student shouldn’t be wondered ___.
   a) by  b) for  c) about  d) at
4. He doesn’t like to be interfered ___.
   a) in  b) with  c) on  d) by
5. The famous pianist was much spoken ___.
   a) of  b) with  c) on  d) for
TEST 9

I. Mark the most suitable tense-form for the verb in brackets

1. He assured me he (dream) to visit all these spots of interest since he read W. Scott’s novels for the first time.
   a) was dreaming   b) has been dreaming   c) had been dreaming   d) would have been dreaming
2. He warned me against my coming, as he (develop) his films at that time.
   a) would develop   b) would be developing   c) was developing   d) had been developing
3. Who (break) the boughs of the lime-tree?
   a) did break   b) broke   c) was breaking   d) has broken
4. Since you entered it there (be) one or two mysterious occurrences in this hotel.
   a) have been   b) had been   c) would be   d) were
5. I have no idea when he (come).
   a) comes   b) will come   c) is coming   d) was coming
6. The change was so sudden that I (shock) and a little scared.
   a) am shocked   b) shocked   c) was shocked   d) had been shocked
7. She has an opportunity which (offer) to very few of us.
   a) offered   b) is offered   c) is being offered   d) was offered
8. Everybody is sure that an agreement (arrive at).
   a) will arrive at   b) was arrive at   c) will be arrived at   d) arrives at
9. Young people from many countries (teach) different specialities in Moscow.
   a) are being taught   b) are teaching   c) would be taught   d) will be taught
10. The scientists (work) at the experiment for about a year before the problem was solved.
    a) were working   b) have worked   c) would be working   d) had been working

II. Decide if you need a) A, b) An, c) The or d) No article at all

1. ___ friend of mine suggested that we should take ___season tickets to ___State Opera House.
2. The boy was eager to know if I had ever seen ___ parachutist jump from ___ aeroplane.
3. ___ Adams were pleasant people with ___ family.
4. There lived ___ great number of Normans in England at that time. The Norman invasion produced ___ considerable influence on ___ English language.
5. Again Denny laughed. His laugh was ___ insult which made Andrew want to hit him.
III. Use a preposition if you need to

1. I watched him read his letters, saw him frown ___ one, smile ___ another.
   a) on  b) for  c) at  d) by
   a) in  b) on  c) at  d) of

2. ___ the holidays I went to see an old friend of mine.
   a) for  b) during  c) at  d) while

3. It was a nice little place, and the host and the hostess were rather proud ___ it.
   a) about  b) for  c) at  d) of

4. Dr. Macphail’s first thought was that something had happened ___ Miss Thompson.
   a) to  b) with  c) about  d) of

5. The only Roman theatre in Britain is ___ the outskirts of the town of St. Albans.
   a) in  b) by  c) at  d) on

TEST 10

I. Mark the most suitable tense-form for the verb in brackets

1. I didn’t realize that Gary was in hospital. If I (know) he was in hospital, I (go) to visit him.
   a) knew  b) would know  c) have known  d) had known
   a) had gone  b) would go  c) would have gone  d) went

2. Look! That plane (fly) towards the airport.
   a) flies  b) is flying  c) will be flying  d) was flying

3. She was very rude to me. I refuse to speak to her again until she (apologize).
   a) will apologize  b) would apologize  c) had apologized  d) has apologized

4. I wondered where we (live) ten years from now?
   a) well live  b) will be living  c) would live  d) will have been living

5. I didn’t see you at John’s party yesterday – No, I had to work that evening, so I (go).
   a) didn’t go  b) haven’t gone  c) hadn’t gone  d) wouldn’t go

6. Martin failed his driving test last week. If he hadn’t been nervous, he (fail).
   a) didn’t fail  b) wouldn’t fail  c) wouldn’t have failed  d) hadn’t failed

7. Is your car still for sale? – No, it (sell) already.
   a) is sold  b) was sold  c) will be sold  d) has already been sold

8. A new bridge (build) across the river. It’ll be of great help.
   a) is being built  b) is built  c) was built  d) had been built

   a) hurried up  b) would hurry up  c) have hurried up  d) will hurry

10. What would you do if you (lose) your keys?
    a) lose  b) lost  c) have lost  d) would lose
II. Decide if you need a) A, b) An, c) The or d) No article at all

1. I don’t usually like staying at ___ hotels, but last summer we spent a few days at ___ very nice hotel by ___ sea.
2. I won’t be home for ___ dinner this evening. I’m meeting some friends after ___ work and we are going to ___ cinema.
3. Carol is ___ economist. She works for ___ American bank at the United States.
4. I have two brothers. ___ older one is training to be ___ pilot.
5. When ___ younger brother leaves ___ school, he hopes to go to ___ University to study Law.

III. Use a preposition if you need to

1. Sue isn’t here ___ weekend. She goes away.
   a) for b) on c) at d) in
2. The road is busy all the time even ___ night.
   a) by b) at c) in d) on
3. I was woken up by the loud noise ___ the night.
   a) by b) during c) while d) for
4. I couldn’t decide whether or not to buy a sweater. ___ the end I decide not to.
   a) at b) on c) by d) in
5. It was a confusing situation. Many things were happening ___ the same time.
   a) at b) in c) by d) for

TEST 11

I. Mark the most suitable tense-form for the verb in brackets

1. How you (feel) now? Better than before?
   a) you are feeling  b) do you feel  c) are you feeling  d) you feel
2. Jim is away on holiday. He (go) to Spain.
   a) is gone  b) has gone  c) had gone  d) went
3. Everything is going well. We (have) any problems so far.
   a) didn’t have  b) don’t have  c) didn’t have  d) haven’t had
4. You are out of breath. You (run)?
   a) are you running  b) have you run  c) have you been running  d) did you run
5. I think the weather (be) nice later.
   a) shall be  b) will be  c) is  d) had been
6. There’s somebody walking behind us. I think we (follow).
   a) are being followed  b) are followed  c) are following  d) have been followed
7. I’m not tired enough to go to bed yet. I wouldn’t sleep if I (go) to bed now.
   a) go  b) had gone  c) went  d) would go
8. I (watch) television a lot but I don’t any more.
   a) was watching   b) watched   c) was used to watch   d) used to watch
9. The police officer stopped us and asked us were we (go).
   a) were we going   b) are we going   c) we are going   d) were going
10. I don’t know where Karen is, (do)? Sorry, I’ve no idea.
    a) don’t you   b) do you   c) doesn’t she   d) do I

II. Decide if you need a) A, b) An, c) The or d) No article at all

1. Call an ambulance. There’s been ___ accident.
2. Every day ___ school begins at 9 and finishes at 3.
3. There are millions of stars in ___ space.
4. We visited ___ Canada and ___ United States.
5. Julia is ___ student at ___ London University.

III. Use a preposition if you need to

1. I saw Jack ___ a concert last Saturday.
   a) on   b) in   c) at   d) by
2. What time did they arrive ___ the hotel?
   a) to   b) at   c) in   d) of
3. We travelled ___ the 6.45 train, which arrived at 8.30.
   a) in   b) on   c) for   d) by
4. The accident was my fault, so I had to pay for the damage ___ the other car.
   a) of   b) for   c) to   d) on
5. If you are worried about the problem, you should do something ___ it.
   a) for   b) about   c) against   d) with

TEST 12

I. Mark the most suitable tense-form for the verb in brackets

1. He said he (be) very fond of travelling.
   a) is   b) had been   c) has been   d) was
2. Rolf can’t express his opinion until he (know) the details.
   a) knew   b) knows   c) will have known   d) know
3. I asked her if she liked the new opera she (see) the day before.
   a) would see   b) saw   c) had seen   d) has seen
4. Maxim rang up the next morning to say he (be) back about seven.
   a) will be   b) would be   c) was   d) would have been
5. The novel is so long that I (finish) reading it jet.
   a) haven’t finished   b) wouldn’t finish   c) didn’t finish   d) hadn’t finished
6. It is of importance where they (spend) their vacation.
   a) would spend   b) would have spent   c) will spend   d) spend
7. The difficulty is when I (be able) do it.
   a) am able to do  b) shall be able to do  c) would be able to do  d) was able to do
8. The person whose purse we have found (be informed) about it.
   a) would be informed  b) will be informed
   c) had been informed  d) was being informed
9. I had a strong impression that my company (want).
   a) isn’t wanted  b) didn’t want  c) was not wanted  d) hasn’t been wanted
10. He (follow) me around out here all the time, and I don’t want him.
    a) follows  b) will follow  c) is followed  d) had followed

II. Decide if you need a) A, b) An, c) The or d) No article at all

1. All ___ listeners asked ___ actor to recite ___ other poem saying they had never heard poetry recited so well.
2. I know they were on ___ excursion to ___ Petrodvorets.
3. ___ fewer questions you are asked at the exam , ___ better.
4. ___ Cambridge is one of ___ great architectural glories of England.
5. One can always tell from ___ woman’s bonnet whether she has got ___ memory or not.

III. Use a preposition if you need to

1. ___ background there was a splendid marble palace.
   a) on  b) at  c) in  d) by
2. Garrison runs ___ a café near the post office.
   a) to  b) --  c) on  d) of
3. She promised to keep ___ correspondence with me.
   a) on  b) at  c) of  d) up
4. He asked me when I had been ___ the Ukraine.
   a) in  b) to  c) at  d) on
5. Which do you prefer: travelling ___ land or ___ sea?
   a) by  b) on  c) at  d) through
   a) in  b) on  c) by  d) at
KEYS

Test 1
   I. 1) d 2) a 3) c 4) d 5) b 6) a 7) b 8) c 9) a 10) d
   II. 1) c, a, a 2) c, a 3) d, a, a 4) b, a 5) a, a, c
   III. 1) b 2) c 3) b, d 4) b 5) c

Test 2
   I. 1) d 2) c 3) b 4) c 5) a 6) b 7) c 8) d 9) b 10) c
   II. 1) a, a, c 2) a, c 3) c, a 4) d 5) c, b
   III. 1) c 2) b 3) a 4) c 5) a

Test 3
   I. 1) b 2) d 3) a 4) b 5) c 6) d 7) b 8) a 9) c 10) a
   II. 1) c 2) b 3) c 4) a 5) b
   III. 1) c 2) b 3) a 4) d 5) b

Test 4
   I. 1) c 2) d 3) b 4) a 5) c 6) a 7) d 8) b 9) d 10) b
   II. 1) d 2) c 3) b 4) a, c 5) a
   III. 1) c/d 2) b 3) c 4) b 5) c

Test 5
   I. 1) c 2) b 3) c 4) a 5) c 6) d 7) d 8) b 9) c 10) b
   II. 1) a, c 2) c 3) b 4) c, a 5) c, c
   III. 1) c 2) b 3) d 4) a 5) b

Test 6
   I. 1) b/c 2) b 3) a/d 4) c 5) d 6) c 7) a 8) b 9) c 10) a
   II. 1) c, a 2) c, c 3) c 4) b 5) b, c
   III. 1) c 2) b 3) d 4) a 5) b

Test 7
   I. 1) c 2) b 3) c 4) b 5) a 6) c 7) b 8) b 9) b 10) c
   II. 1) c, c 2) a, c 3) a, d 4) b 5) d
   III. 1) c 2) d 3) b 4) c 5) b, b

Test 8
   I. 1) c 2) d 3) b 4) a 5) c 6) c 7) a 8) c 9) d 10) b
   II. 1) c, a 2) a 3) c, a 4) b, a 5) c, c
   III. 1) c 2) b 3) d 4) b 5) a
Test 9
   I.  1) c  2) b  3) b/d  4) a  5) a/b  6) c  7) b  8) c  9) a  10) d
   II. 1) a, d, c  2) a, b  3) c, a  4) a, a, c  5) b
   III. 1) a/c, c  2) b  3) d  4) a  5) d

Test 10
   I.  1) d, c  2) b  3) d  4) c  5) a  6) c  7) d  8) a  9) a  10) b
   II. 1) d, a, c  2) d, d, c  3) b, c  4) c, a  5) c, d, d
   III. 1) b/c  2) b  3) b  4) d  5) a

Test 11
   I.  1) c  2) b  3) d  4) c  5) b  6) a  7) c  8) d  9) d  10) b
   II. 1) b  2) d  3) d  4) d, c  5) a, d
   III. 1) c  2) b  3) d  4) c  5) b

Test 12
   I.  1) d  2) b  3) c  4) b  5) a  6) c  7) b  8) b  9) c  10) a
   II. 1) c, c, b  2) b, d  3) c, c  4) d, c  5) a, a
   III. 1) c  2) b  3) d  4) b  5) a, c
IF THE ENGLISH IS WORTH LEARNING
IT IS WORTH LEARNING WELL

Учебно-методическое пособие